The hallowed halls of higher education may not seem the likeliest place to find people who will be tasked with protecting the United States from danger. The University of Alabama is known more for its Southern hospitality than turning out high-ranking defense officials. But that is precisely what it has done.

Michael Vickers, Reginald Hyde and David Craft all earned degrees from UA and embarked on journeys that would lead to prominent positions in national security, entrusted with keeping us safe and secure.

by Jessie Jones

New Tennis Facility Opens

Another world-class athletics venue opened on campus in January when the men’s tennis team started the 2012 season at the new Roberta Alison Baumgardner Tennis Facility. The $2,000-square-foot building includes seating for spectators above the playing area. Adjoining to the outdoor courts at the Alabama Tennis Stadium, it is one of the only collegiate indoor facilities to house six courts, and will serve both the men’s and women’s squads.

“Undoubtedly, this is an exciting time for tennis at The University of Alabama,” said men’s tennis head coach Billy Pate. “Both inside and out, it is a beautiful facility, and will provide outstanding viewing opportunities for our fans.”

Its name honors one of UA’s greats, Roberta Alison Baumgardner. The late tennis star is also the namesake for the Roberta Alison Fall Classic, an annual tournament that brings in several of the nation’s top tennis powers. She made a name for herself in the early 1960s when she lettered for three seasons with the Crimson Tide men’s tennis team, playing primarily at No. 4 as a sophomore and junior and between Nos. 1 and 2 as a senior. She was a four-time Blue Gray and three-time Southern Tournament champion during her time at the Capstone.

Happy to Hoop

When Paige Renka was 12 years old, she was struck with a case of the summertime blues. Bored and looking for something to do, she picked up a hula hoop and began to learn how to spin it. Her interest became a hobby, her hobby a calling, and now, she share her passion with Tuscaloosa, Ala., by teaching hula hoop classes.

Renka, ‘11, has been a teacher for as long as she’s hooped; she taught herself everything she knows. She spent hours watching a recorded Ripley’s Believe It or Not! episode and YouTube videos showcasing hula hoopers until she learned all of their techniques. After that, she added her own flair by incorporating 18 years of dance experience into her tricks. “Once you get pretty good, it becomes addicting to learn new moves and tricks, and I have always loved dancing,” Renka said.

During her freshman year at The University of Alabama, she earned second place in a talent show hosted by UA’s Guerilla Theatre, and was discovered there by Tuscaloosa’s Pink Box Burlesque, a company with which she still performs. She also makes and sells her own colorful hula hoops, an art she began during her junior year at the University.

After several former dance teachers, family members and friends told Renka, who earned her bachelor’s degree in dance and advertising, that she should share her skills with other people, she decided to teach classes in addition to her work as a graphic designer. Renka said that while she does appreciate the exercise component of the hobby, she has developed a deeper appreciation for it, and hopes to continue sharing it with others. “Being the ‘hula hoop girl’ is something that has just become a part of my life,” she said. “I find myself wanting to go outside and hula hoop when I am sitting around the house with nothing else to do.”

by Jessie Jones

The Best Defense
Dr. Michael Vickers, U.S. under secretary of defense for intelligence, stumbled upon UA during his service in the military. He had joined the Army after a couple years of college, and went on to Officer Candidate School, continuing to work on college credits while on military assignments at various locations. “I was getting close to within a year of a degree, and looked around for the best possible program that wouldn’t disrupt my career,” Vickers said. “I did a lot of research and found out UA had an external degree program through New College that required a year of Alabama credits. You had to do a thesis at the community college’s starting position by Mark Hammon, who went on to play at UCLA and become a Hollywood star.

“I had a spirit of adventure, and probably saw too many James Bond movies as a kid,” Vickers said. “I thought about the CIA and Special Forces, and thought it was the right way to go. It turns out I really liked it. I stayed 10 years in the Army, always thinking I’d go into the CIA.” UA figured strongly in that decision, he said. In 1982, he applied to work with the Central Intelligence Agency, a civilian agency of the U.S. government, and joined its ranks in 1985.

Vickers credits his undergraduate degree from UA for making it possible to continue his education. He went on to earn his MBA from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania and his PhD from Johns Hopkins University. “I was a hot-and-cold student in high school, and as I got more serious in the Army, my grades got really good. The work I did at UA and with Dr. Snow really helped me academically. I credit Alabama for making it possible for me to get into those kind of graduate schools.”

During his time with the CIA, Vickers served as an operations officer in the Latin America Division, the Special Activities Division and the Near East and South Asia Division. Vickers’ time in the latter two was featured in the best-selling book and movie Charlie Wilson’s War. “I’m the guy in the movie who supposedly was playing chess with four people at once,” he said. “For the record, that part isn’t true; it’s how the screen writer, Aaron Sorkin, chose to dramatize my story.”

After Vickers left the CIA, he attended graduate school and worked in the private sector. From 2007 to 2011, he served as U.S. assistant secretary of defense for special operations, low intensity conflict and interdependent capabilities.

Today, Vickers oversees all of the country’s defense intelligence, which totals roughly 75 percent of the U.S. intelligence community. “I have the opportunity to work with our top national leaders, from the secretary of defense to the director of the CIA, on some of the toughest problems we face,” he said. “It’s a great opportunity to make sure our policy makers are informed. It’s a very important time in our country, and it’s a great honor to have the opportunity to do this.”

If it is unusual to find a UA alum working in the intelligence world, finding a pair together at the top of the field is rare indeed, yet that is the case with Vickers and Reginald Hyde. As U.S. deputy undersecretary of defense for intelligence and security (the civilian equivalent of a three-star general), Hyde, ’80, JD ’83, works directly with Vickers each day.

Hyde always planned to become a lawyer, and briefly accepted a position with a law firm following his graduation from the UA School of Law. It was a job he would never start.

“Although I lived overseas and my dad worked for the United Nations, I didn’t know anything about any of this,” he said. “However, a couple of summers as an undergrad spent in Bangladesh and traveling abroad had me thinking about the world and international relations.”

A few courses on campus kept his interest in foreign affairs going.

“At the time, the historical context was that things weren’t looking so good for Uncle Sam around the world,” Hyde said. “The Soviet military was assessed to be the most powerful military in the world and international relations.”

—Michael Vickers
world, and our embassy in Pakistan had been burned. Terrorism was in full bloom in the Middle East and Europe, and even our relations with many traditional allies in Europe were strained.”

With a well-traveled background, Hyde thought maybe he could help. “I never intended to do this as a career. I viewed this as my military service, and a great adventure. I planned to get out within five years.” What started as an adventure with the CIA in 1983 turned into a 28-year career. “This business is so fascinating you just keep getting seduced into it, and before you know it, you’re off to the next big thing,” he said.

“Then you look around and another five years have gone by. It has given me the opportunity to be a witness at the crossroads of so many historic events over the past quarter century, and hopefully to have had some impact in protecting U.S. national security.”

Hyde’s career has been a storied one. From 1983 to 1998, he served four tours of duty abroad, in Europe, Eastern Europe and the Near East, including Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan, India and Bangladesh. Two of his assignments were as chief of station, the senior intelligence officer assigned to a country and responsible for all intelligence activities within it. Prior to accepting his current position, he worked as an executive vice president of Tri-Q-Tel, the strategic venture arm of the intelligence community that uses venture capital techniques to acquire cutting-edge technology. Officially named to his current position in March 2011, Hyde considers it the high point of his career. “At this point in the game, to be in this kind of job, and the rank I’m at, you couldn’t ask for more,” he said. “Mike Vickers and Secretary of Defense Robert Gates were looking to bring in someone with my background to lead the Intelligence and Security portfolio under USDLI. For Hyde, the scope of the job represented new opportunities and challenges. “The icing on the cake was that Mike Vickers was one of the sharpest and best people in Washington and the intelligence community, so I jumped at the opportunity.”

His day-to-day activities are wide-ranging, but he finds the variety stimulating and challenging. “My favorite parts of the job are the mission and the people,” he said. “The mission is critical. It’s about protecting 300 million Americans. It’s about protecting U.S. national security and it’s about providing timely, high-quality intelligence to national security and it’s about providing timely, high-quality intelligence to policymakers. It’s a tough world out there, and none of this is easy; but if that’s your mission, it’s not too hard to be motivated when you get up in the morning.”

Hyde said his time spent in Tuscaloosa—nine years as a student—was nearly the longest he’d lived in one place, second only to his stint in Washington. He considers the campus a second home in many ways. “My years at the University had a tremendous impact on me. I had a rich classroom experience, but I learned so much more at the Cap-stone,” he said. “The human intelligence business is about people, and in my four years as an undergrad, I got a great education in people and dealing with people through my fraternity, Sigma Chi, and other campus activities, and that has been tremendously valuable to me.”

In all of his travels—to more than 70 countries during the course of his career—one thing always stands out. “Of all the beautiful places I’ve seen around the world, our campus, and the Quad in particular, is one of the most beautiful. I try to come back. Even now, when I visit, usually the day after a football game, I’ll go up and sit on the steps of the library just to look at it all, while it’s quiet.”

Both Vickers and Hyde said it is a good time to be serving the country. “Nothing is perfect. In this business, you can always have problems, but today we are at a high point,” Hyde noted. “With all the work that has been done post-9/11, our intelligence capabilities are far superior to those that existed for most of my career. It is very gratifying to be able to lead in this environment and to have been present to be a part of and observe all the progress that has been made.”

Like Hyde, Dr. David Craft never imagined his career would turn out quite the way it did. His college roommate was a member of the ROTC, and suggested Craft sign up for it, too, as a fun elective. “I never dreamed I would join the Army,” he said. “I was the first in my family to go to college, and we had no experience or understanding of serving the country as a commissioned officer.”

But the training corps caught his interest. “There was an energy that attracted a lot of people,” he said. “During my junior year, there were 1,200 people in ROTC. It was a large, liberal arts approach that captured people it otherwise never would have, and I wound up going into the military because it felt natural.”

Along the way, Craft found another love in the study of microbiology, when he took a class in the subject his sophomore year. “It changed my approach to what I wanted to study,” he said. “It was basically just another available science course for me as a biology major, so I took it—and it absolutely fascinated me.”

Craft changed his major and graduated with a bachelor’s in microbiology in 1979 and again with a master’s degree in 1981. He entered the Army on active duty as a microbiologist in 1981, beginning a 30-year career in the military. “Once I found out you could be a microbiologist in the Army, my mind was made up,” he said.

After spending two years on active duty, Craft discovered an Army program that would allow him to work on his doctorate while he remained on active duty. He jumped at the opportunity to further his education and career. “The second year I applied to the program I was selected; and then you choose the school you want to go to and the Army gives you up to four years to complete the PhD.” He finished his doctoral program in three years, graduating in 1989 from the University of Georgia.

The extra education and training paid off. Craft, who retired as an Army colonel in October 2011, spent the last 12 years of his career in the Washington, D.C., area, mainly at the Walter Reed Army Medical Center and the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research. At the medical center, he served as the microbiology laboratory director, and led the Army’s clinical testing associated with anthrax attacks that occurred in the United States in 2001.

Reginald Hyde visited the Temple of Aphaia on the Greek island of Aegina during one of his many journeys abroad.

—Reginald Hyde

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Craft:=croughtly wounded soldiers returning resistant bacterial infections in trauma describe the emergence of multi-drug efforts enabled him to be the first to from 2002 to 2006. In 2004, his research consultant to the Army surgeon general nicated letters were processed, releasing processing station where the contami- their personnel from Atlanta to my Craft said. “The CDC actually deployed in the D.C. area, and any support for any media offices and to two U.S. These had included mailings to sev- eral media offices and to two U.S. senators. Five people were killed, and nearly 20 others infected. “My lab at Walter Reed was the only CDC/public health certified confirmatory lab in the D.C. area, and any support for hospitals in D.C. also came to me,” Craft said. “The CDC actually deployed their personnel from Atlanta to my labs in support of the Brentwood postal processing station where the contami- nated letters were processed, releasing ‘poes into that facility.’” Craft served as the microbiology consultant to the Army surgeon general from 2002 to 2006. In 2004, his research efforts enabled him to be the first to describe the emergence of multi-drug resistant bacterial infections in traumatically wounded soldiers returning from combat zones.

From 2006 to 2008, Craft took on a different type of role when he com- manded one of two deployable bio- logical, chemical and nuclear response units in the Army— the 9th Area Medical Laboratory at Edgewood Arsenal, Md. “Our mission was to deploy worldwide in support of the Department of Defense to detect, confirm and manage a nuclear, biological or chemical weapon release,” he said. “A main focus was biological detection, in that many Army units had some capability and training in nuclear and chemical detection, protection and countermeasures, but very little in biological weapon understanding and response.” Following his retirement, Craft accepted a position as the director of microbiology and associate professor of pathology at the Milton S. Hershey Medical Center and School in Hershey, Pa. Although he makes his home in the north, his Alabama ties still run deep; both of his children are currently enrolled at UA. Sarah and Nathan are both under 21 years old, and both are enrolled at UA. Sarah, who is a junior, is majoring in computer science and is considering a career in medicine. Nathan, who is a freshman, is majoring in business.

David Craft traveled to an Army clinical research site located next to Obama Children’s Hospital in Kenya.

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Craft’s glad to be passing on the legacy of his college days, he said, which he credits with his love for and service to his country. “The idea of the tradition and legacy of the University is a lot like the legacy and tradition of our country,” he said. “The old traditional schools have that air about them; they promote legacy and service, and it leads people like me to think, ‘I want a career in something that looks like that.’ The military was that for me. The University was that for me. They are institutions you can be proud of.”

### Craft: Artis Brown

**Graduate goes global**

by Haley Herfurth

Artis Brown has only ever worked for one company since graduating from The University of Alabama, and he doesn’t mind. His career at Exxon Mobil Corp. has allowed him to live in five U.S. cities and in Singapore, a place Brown and his wife, Kim, ’97, have called home since 2010. He was hired as a project engineer straight out of college, after earning a bachelor’s degree in civil engineering in 1996.

ExxonMobil has a long history of recruiting students from campus—a process for which Brown served as UA’s recruiting team captain before mov- ing to Singapore—and he felt himself drawn to the company for several reasons. “I honestly did not have a detailed understanding of the energy industry,” Brown said. “I was interested in a company that was challenging, global and stable. Part of my decision was also driven by my desire to make my mother proud and to eventually be in a position to attempt to repay her for the many sacrifices she made for me and my four siblings.”

Now, Brown has been with Exxon- Mobil for 15 years, and said he hopes to work 20 more. The company operates on six out of the seven continents and employs around 80,000 people. In Singapore, which serves as a hub for the Asia Pacific region, it operates refineries, chemical plants and lubri- canent businesses, among other enterprises.

Many ExxonMobil employees assigned to Singapore have responsi- bilities throughout the world; Brown works in sales, supervising six area managers who work with six teams in six different countries. Some of his previous assignments include working in project engineering, retail management and chemical supply chain management.

More recently, Brown was filmed for an advertise- ment regarding how Exxon- Mobil and its affiliates are developing efficient technologies that will reduce the environmental impact of oil and natural gas produc- tion. “Based on my techni- cal training as well as some of the assignments I have held, I was in a good posi- tion to speak on the issue,” he said. “I have never done anything like that before, and was pleased to be selected to comment on this important topic. It was enjoyable and stressful at the same time.”

In addition to his daily work, he is passionate about mentoring newer members of the business. “I came in not neces- sarily knowing any engineers from my community or any of the elements that come into play in corporate America,” he said. “I may not know every answer, and I admit that; but I think I have enough knowledge to help people as they move along through the company.”

ExxonMobil supports service initia- tives throughout the world, such as one signature program that provides bed nets and malaria medicine to exposed African communities. At one point in his tenure, Brown was community ser- vice chairman of the Black Employee Success Team, which is also supported by the corporation. “We brought high school students into the company to show them a day in the life of an Exxon- Mobil employee,” he said.

Brown said that he was well- equipped for his career following his time at UA. He was challenged by UA’s engineering school, he said, a place where he gained analytical skills that have served him well. Extracurricular activities at the University also helped shape him; he served as the presi- dent of the National Society of Black Engineers, the Engineering Executive Council President and the community service chairperson of his fraternity, Omega Psi Phi.

“When I arrived at Alabama, I only knew five people,” he said. “It’s similar coming into the corporate world. You have to form bonds and relationships. Being at Alabama definitely prepared me for the work I’m doing now and the work I’ve always done.”

Ralph Brown went to work for ExxonMobil employee,” he said.