## **New Tennis Facility Opens**

nother world-class athletics venue opened on campus in January when the men's tennis team started the 2012 season at the new Roberta Alison Baumgardner Tennis Facility. The 52,000-square-foot building includes seating for spectators above the playing area. Adjacent to the outdoor courts at the Alabama Tennis Stadium, it is one of the only collegiate indoor facilities to house six courts, and will serve both the men's and women's squads.

"Undoubtedly, this is an exciting time for tennis at The University of Alabama," said men's tennis head coach Billy Pate. "Both inside and out, it is a beautiful facility, and will provide outstanding viewing opportunities for our fans."

Its name honors one of UA's greats, Roberta Alison Baumgardner. The late tennis star is also the namesake for the Roberta Alison Fall Classic, an annual tournament that brings in several of the nation's top tennis powers. She made more and junior and between Nos. 1



Paige Renka shares her passion for hula hooping by teaching community classes.



a name for herself in the early 1960s when she lettered for three seasons on the Crimson Tide men's tennis team, playing primarily at No. 4 as a sophoand 2 as a senior. She was a four-time Blue Gray and three-time Southern Tournament champion during her time at the Capstone.

## **Happy to Hoop**

hen Paige Renka was 12 years old, she was struck with a case of the summertime blues. Bored and looking for something to do, she picked up a hula hoop and began to learn how to spin it. Her interest became a hobby, her hobby a calling, and now, she shares her passion with Tuscaloosa, Ala., by teaching hula hoop classes.

Renka, '11, has been a teacher for as long as she's hooped; she taught herself everything she knows. She spent hours watching a recorded *Ripley's Believe It or* Not! episode and YouTube videos showcasing hula hoopers until she learned all of their techniques. After that, she added her own flair by incorporating 18 years of dance experience into her tricks. "Once you get pretty good, it becomes addicting to learn new moves and tricks, and I have always loved dancing," Renka said.

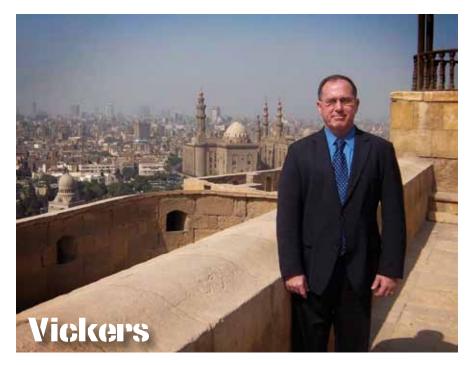
During her freshman year at The University of Alabama, she earned sec-

ond place in a talent show hosted by UA's Guerilla Theatre, and was discovered there by Tuscaloosa's Pink Box Burlesque, a company with which she still performs. She also makes and sells her own colorful hula hoops, an art she began during her junior year at the University.

After several former dance teachers, family members and friends told Renka, who earned her bachelor's degree in dance and advertising, that she should share her skills with other people, she decided to teach classes in addition to her work as a graphic designer. Renka said that while she does appreciate the exercise component of the hobby, she has developed a deeper appreciation for it, and hopes to continue sharing it with others. "Being the 'hula hoop girl' is something that has just become a part of my life," she said. "I find myself wanting to go outside and hula hoop when I am sitting around the house with nothing else to do."

he hallowed halls of higher education may not seem the likeliest place to find people who will be tasked with protecting the United States from danger. The University of Alabama is known more for its Southern hospitality than turning out high-ranking defense officials. But that is precisely what it has done. Michael Vickers, Reginald Hyde and David Craft all earned degrees from UA and embarked on journeys that would lead to prominent positions in national security, entrusted with keeping us safe and secure.



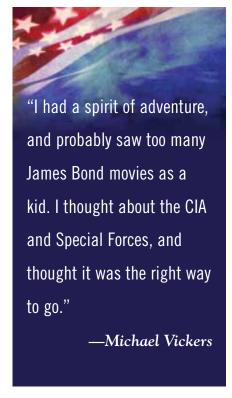


secretary of defense for intelligence, stumbled upon UA during his service in the military. He had joined the Army after a couple years of college, and went on to Officer Candidate School, continuing to work on college credits while on military assignments at various locations. "I was getting close to within a year of a degree, and looked around for the best possible program that wouldn't disrupt my career," Vickers said. "I did a lot of research and found out UA had an external degree program through New College that required a year of Alabama credits. You had to do a thesis and attend a few on-campus seminars." That sealed the deal for Vickers, who had graduate school aspirations. He applied and was accepted.

His time as a UA student began in the spring of 1980. He was stationed in Fort Bragg, N.C., where he had just completed the Special Forces Officer Course, graduating first in his class. He was waiting to attend the Special Forces Military Free Fall course when he took a few weeks of leave and traveled to Tuscaloosa to attend seminars and meet

Dr. Michael Vickers, U.S. under with his senior adviser, Dr. Don Snow, a political science professor, now retired.

While working toward his degree in international relations and political



science, Vickers was assigned to Special Forces in Panama, from 1980 to 1983, where he also undertook additional remote coursework through Florida State University and the University of Oklahoma. In all, he has credits from nine universities and colleges, including UA, from which he earned a bachelor's degree, cum laude, in 1983, writing his honors thesis on U.S. intelligence policy.

The question after graduation was what would come next for Vickers, who had grown up in southern California and always had aspirations of being a professional baseball or football player. He realized after high school and community college that he was not going to make it to the next level in sports. "I knew I'd better figure out what to do with my life," he said. Vickers, who played quarterback, was beaten out for the community college's starting position by Mark Harmon, who went on to play at UCLA and become a Hollywood star.

"I had a spirit of adventure, and probably saw too many James Bond movies as a kid," Vickers said. "I thought about the CIA and Special Forces, and thought it was the right way to go. It turns out I really loved it. I stayed 10 years in the Army, always thinking I'd go into the CIA." UA figured strongly in that decision, he said. In 1982, he applied to work with the Central Intelligence Agency, a civilian agency of the U.S. government, and joined its ranks in 1983.

Vickers credits his undergraduate degree from UA for making it possible to continue his education. He went on to earn his MBA from the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania and his PhD from Johns Hopkins University. "I was a hot-and-cold stu- the private sector. From 2007 to 2011, dent in high school, and as I got more he served as U.S. assistant secretary serious in the Army, my grades got really of defense for special operations, low good. The work I did at UA and with intensity conflict and interdependent Dr. Snow really helped me academically. capabilities. I credit Alabama for making it possible for me to get into those kind of graduate country's defense intelligence, which schools."

ers served as an operations officer in opportunity to work with our top the Latin America Division, the Spe- national leaders, from the secretary of cial Activities Division and the Near defense to the director of the CIA, on East and South Asia Division. Vickers' some of the toughest problems we face, time in the latter two was featured in whether it's trying to defeat Al Qaeda or the best-selling book and movie *Charlie* bring stability to Afghanistan or Iraq," Wilson's War. "I'm the guy in the movie he said. "It's a great opportunity to make field is rare indeed, yet that is the case who supposedly was playing chess with sure our policy makers are informed. It's four people at once," he said. "For the a very important time in our country, record, that part isn't true; it's how the and it's a great honor to have the opporscreen writer, Aaron Sorkin, chose to tunity to do this." dramatize my story."

attended graduate school and worked in ing a pair together at the top of the

Today, Vickers oversees all of the totals roughly 75 percent of the U.S. During his time with the CIA, Vick- intelligence community. "I have the

If it is unusual to find a UA alum After Vickers left the CIA, he working in the intelligence world, find-





"I have the opportunity to work with our top national leaders, from the secretary of defense to the director of the CIA, on some of the toughest problems we face." -Michael Vickers

with Vickers and Reginald Hyde. As U.S. deputy undersecretary of defense for intelligence and security (the civilian equivalent of a three-star general), Hyde, '80, JD '83, works directly with Vickers each day.

Hyde always planned to become a lawyer, and briefly accepted a position with a law firm following his graduation from the UA School of Law. It was a job he would never start.

"Although I lived overseas and my dad worked for the United Nations, I didn't know anything about any of this," he said. "However, a couple of summers as an undergrad spent in Bangladesh and traveling abroad had me thinking about the world and international relations.' A few courses on campus kept his interest in foreign affairs going.

"At the time, the historical context was that things weren't looking so good for Uncle Sam around the world," Hyde said. "The Soviet military was assessed to be the most powerful military in the

Michael Vickers (left) on a trip to Cairo in November 2011

world, and our embassy in Pakistan had been burned. Terrorism was in full bloom in the Middle East and Europe, and even our relations with many traditional allies in Europe were strained."

With a well-traveled background, Hyde thought maybe he could help. "I never intended to do this as a career. I viewed this as my military service, and a great adventure. I planned to get out within five vears." What started as an adventure with the CIA in 1983 turned into a 28-year career. "This business is so fascinating you just keep getting seduced into it, and before you know it, you're off to the next big thing," he said. "Then you look around and another five years have gone by. It has given me the opportunity to be a witness at the crossroads of many historic events over the past quarter century, and hopefully to have had some impact in protecting U.S. national security."

Hyde's career has been a storied one. From 1985 to 1998, he served four tours of duty abroad, in Europe, Eastern Europe and the Near East, including Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan, India and Bangladesh. Two of his assignments were as chief of station, the senior intelligence officer assigned to a country and responsible for all intelligence activities within it. Prior to accepting his current position, he worked as an executive vice president of In-Q-Tel, the strategic venture arm of the intelligence community that uses venture capital techniques to acquire cutting-edge technology.

Officially named to his current position in March 2011, Hyde considers it the high point of his career. "At this point in the game, to be in this kind of job, and the rank I'm at, you couldn't



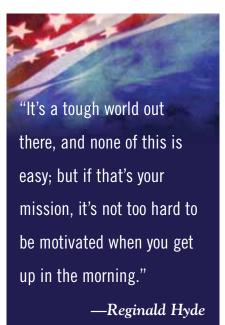
ask for more," he said. "Mike Vickers and Secretary of Defense Robert Gates were looking to bring in someone with my background to lead the Intelligence and Security portfolio under USDI." For Hyde, the scope of the job represented new opportunities and challenges. "The icing on the cake was that Mike Vickers is one of the sharpest and best people in Washington and the intelligence community, so I jumped at the opportunity."

His day-to-day activities are wideranging, but he finds the variety stimulating and challenging. "My favorite parts of the job are the mission and the people," he said. "The mission is critical. It's about protecting 300 million Americans. It's about protecting U.S. national security and it's about providing timely, high-quality intelligence to senior policymakers. It's a tough world out there, and none of this is easy; but if that's your mission, it's not too hard to be motivated when you get up in the morning."

Hyde said his time spent in Tuscaloosa-nine years as a student-was nearly the longest he'd lived in one place, second only to his stint in Wash-

ington. He considers the campus a second home in many ways. "My years at the University had a tremendous impact on me. I had a rich classroom experience, but I learned so much more at the Capstone," he said. "The human intelligence business is about people, and in my four years as an undergrad, I got a great education in people and dealing with people through my fraternity, Sigma Chi, and other campus activities, and that has been tremendously valuable to me."

In all of his travels-to more than 70 countries during the course of his career-one thing always stands out. "Of all the beautiful places I've seen around the world, our campus, and the Quad in particular, is one of the most beautiful. I try to come back. Even now, when I visit, usually the day after a football game, I'll go



just to look at it all, while it's quiet."

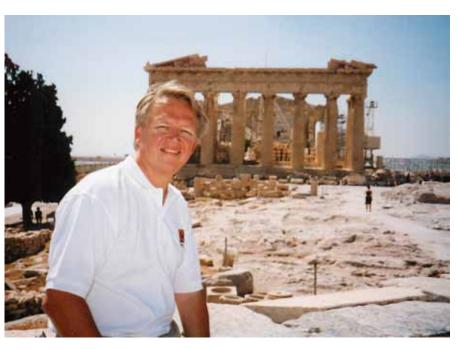
9/11, our intelligence capabilities are far natural. superior to those that existed for most of my career. It is very gratifying to be able love in the study of microbiology, when to lead in this environment and to have he took a class in the subject his sophobeen present to be a part of and observe more year. "It changed my approach to all the progress that has been made."

imagined his career would turn out quite course for me as a biology major, so I the way it did. His college roommate took it-and it absolutely fascinated was a member of the ROTC, and sug- me." Craft changed his major and gradugested Craft sign up for it, too, as a fun ated with a bachelor's in microbiology the Army," he said. "I was the first in my in 1981. family to go to college, and we had no

up and sit on the steps of the library But the training corps caught his interest. "There was an energy that attracted Both Vickers and Hyde said it is a a lot of people," he said. "During my good time to be serving the country. junior year, there were 1,200 people "Nothing is perfect. In this business, you in ROTC. It was a large, liberal arts can always have problems, but today we approach that captured people it othare at a high point," Hyde noted. "With erwise never would have, and I wound all the work that has been done post- up going into the military because it felt

Along the way, Craft found another -David Craft what I wanted to study," he said. "It was found out you could be a microbiologist Like Hyde, Dr. David Craft never basically just another available science in the Army, my mind was made up," he said. After spending two years on active duty, Craft discovered an Army program that would allow him to work on his elective. "I never dreamed I would join in 1979 and again with a master's degree doctorate while he remained on active

the country as a commissioned officer." 30-year career in the military. "Once I





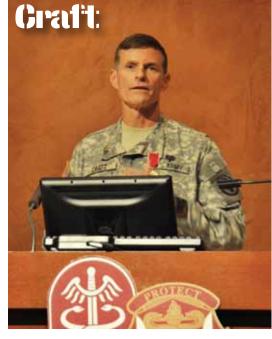
"It was basically just another available science course for me as a biology major, so I took it—and it absolutely fascinated me."

duty. He jumped at the opportunity to He entered the Army on active duty further his education and career. "The experience or understanding of serving as a microbiologist in 1981, beginning a second year I applied to the program I was selected; and then you choose the school you want to go to and the Army gives you up to four years to complete the PhD." He finished his doctoral program in three years, graduating in 1989 from the University of Georgia.

> The extra education and training paid off. Craft, who retired as an Army colonel in October 2011, spent the last 12 years of his career in the Washington, D.C., area, mainly at the Walter Reed Army Medical Center and the Walter Reed Army Institute of Research.

> At the medical center, he served as the microbiology laboratory director, and led the Army's clinical testing associated with anthrax attacks that occurred in the United States in 2001.

Reginald Hyde visited the Temple of Aphaia on the Greek island of Aegina during one of his many journeys abroad.



These had included mailings to several media offices and to two U.S. senators. Five people were killed, and nearly 20 others infected. "My lab at Walter Reed was the only CDC/public health certified confirmatory lab in the D.C. area, and any support for hospitals in D.C. also came to me," Craft said. "The CDC actually deployed their personnel from Atlanta to my labs in support of the Brentwood postal processing station where the contaminated letters were processed, releasing spores into that facility."

Craft served as the microbiology consultant to the Army surgeon general from 2002 to 2006. In 2004, his research efforts enabled him to be the first to describe the emergence of multi-drug resistant bacterial infections in traumatically wounded soldiers returning from combat zones.

From 2006 to 2008, Craft took on a different type of role when he commanded one of two deployable bio-

David Craft traveled to an Army clinical research site located next to Obama Children's Hospital in Kenya.

response units in the Armythe 9th Area Medical Laboratory at Edgewood Arsenal, Md. "Our mission was to deploy worldwide in support of the Department of Defense to detect, confirm and manage a nuclear, biological or chemical weapon release," he said. "A main focus was biological detection, in that many Army units had some capability and training in nuclear and chemi-

cal detection, protection and countermeasures, but very little in biological weapon understanding and response."

accepted a position as the director of military was that for me. The University microbiology and associate professor of pathology at the Milton S. Hershey Medical Center and School in Hershey,

logical, chemical and nuclear Pa. Although he makes his home in the north, his Alabama ties still run deep; both of his children are currently enrolled at UA. Sarah will graduate with a master's degree in advertising and marketing in May and Nathan is wrapping up his freshman year studying business.

Craft's glad to be passing on the legacy of his college days, he said, which he credits with his love for and service to his country. "The idea of the tradition and legacy of the University is a lot like the legacy and tradition of our country," he said. "The old traditional schools have that air about them; they promote legacy and service, and it leads people like me to think, 'I want a career Following his retirement, Craft in something that looks like that.' The was that for me. They are institutions you can be proud of."



# RAMA PFOPLF

## **ARTIS BROWN**

Graduate goes global

### by Haley Herfurth

rtis Brown has only ever worked for one company since graduating from The University of Alabama. and he doesn't mind. His career at Exxon Mobil Corp. has allowed him to live in five U.S. cities and in Singapore, a place Brown and his wife, Kim, '97, have called home since 2010. He was hired as a project engineer straight out of college, after earning a bachelor's degree in civil engineering in 1996.

ExxonMobil has a long history of recruiting students from campus—a process for which Brown served as UA's recruiting team captain before moving to Singapore-and he felt himself drawn to the company for several reasons. "I honestly did not have a detailed understanding of the energy industry," Brown said. "I was interested in a company that was challenging, global and stable. Part of my decision was also driven by my desire to make my mother proud and to eventually be in a position to attempt to repay her for the many sacrifices she made for me and my four siblings."

Now, Brown has been with Exxon-Mobil for 15 years, and said he hopes to work 20 more. The company operates on six out of the seven continents and employs around 80,000 people. In Singapore, which serves as a hub for the Asia Pacific region, it operates refineries, chemical plants and lubricant businesses, among other enterprises.

Many ExxonMobil employees assigned to Singapore have responsibilities throughout the region; Brown works in sales, supervising six area managers who work with six teams in six different countries. Some of his previous assignments include working in project engineering, retail management and chemical supply chain management.

More recently, Brown was filmed for an advertisement regarding how ExxonMobil and its affiliates are developing efficient technologies that will reduce the environmental impact of oil sands production. "Based on my technical training as well as some of the assignments I have held, I was in a good position to speak on the issue," he said. "I have never done anything like that before, and was pleased to be selected to comment on this important topic. It was enjoyable and stressful at the same time."

In addition to his daily work, he is passionate about mentoring newer members of the business. "I came in not necessarily knowing any engineers from my community or any of the elements that come into play in corporate America," he said. "I may not know every answer, and I admit that; but I think I have enough knowledge to help people as they move along through the company."

ExxonMobil supports service initiatives throughout the world, such as one signature program that provides bed nets and malaria medicine to exposed African communities. At one point in his tenure, Brown was community service chairman of the Black Employee Success Team, which is also supported by the corporation. "We brought high school students into the company to show them a day in the life of an ExxonMobil employee," he said.

"I may not know every answer, and I admit that: but I think I have nough knowledge to help people as they move along through the company.

Brown said that he was wellequipped for his career following his time at UA. He was challenged by UA's engineering school, he said, a place where he gained analytical skills that have served him well. Extracurricular activities at the University also helped shape him; he served as the president of the National Society of Black Engineers, the Engineering Executive Council President and the community service chairperson of his fraternity, Omega Psi Phi.

"When I arrived at Alabama, I only knew five people," he said. "It's similar coming into the corporate world. You have to form bonds and relationships. Being at Alabama definitely prepared me for the work I'm doing now and the work I've always done."